FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Monday, March 2, 17:00 EST

Kingstown, Rhode Island, USA:

The International Association of Antarctica Tour Operators (IAATO) the Council of Managers of National Antarctic Programs (COMNAP), The Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research (SCAR) and the Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR) have announced opportunities for early-career professionals, including the second IAATO Antarctic Fellowship.

The fellowships, funded by IAATO and now in their second year, are an investment in the professional development of talented early career researchers and aim to further the understanding of human presence in Antarctica.

Amanda Lynnes, Director of Environment and Science Coordination for IAATO, said: “Supporting scientific endeavour is at IAATO’s core, with IAATO vessels transporting scientists and researchers into the field to gather data from which to learn more about a region of such global scientific importance.

“We were delighted to launch our first Antarctic Fellowship last year, starting a program through which to continue to support talented early-career scientists and researchers.”

Last year’s inaugural fellows were Martina Mascioni from the University of La Plata, Argentina, and Daniela Cajiao Vargas from the Autonomous University of Madrid. The fellowships have enabled both recipients, who are working towards their PhDs, to pursue their research; Martina analysing phytoplankton samples collected from IAATO vessels since 2017 by a citizen science project called FjordPhyto, and Daniela researching two different sectors of Antarctic travel to explore how visiting Antarctica affects one’s experience and understanding of the region.

This year, COMNAP and IAATO will each offer one fellowship with funding of up to USD $15,000. The fellowships enable early-career persons to join a project team from another country, opening up new opportunities and often creating partnerships that last for many years and over many Antarctic field seasons. Note that the application processes for the COMNAP and IAATO fellowships are separate from those for the SCAR Fellowships and the eligibility criteria differ. The deadline for the COMNAP and IAATO fellowship applications is May 31, 2020.
SCAR will offer three to four fellowships of up to USD $15,000 each for 2020. The deadline for the SCAR fellowship applications is August 26, 2020.

The fellowships are launched in conjunction with the Scientific Scholarship Scheme of the Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR). The CCAMLR Scientific Scholarship provides funding of up to AUD $30,000 to assist early-career scientists to participate in the work of the CCAMLR Scientific Committee and its working groups over a period of two years. The objective of the scheme is to build capacity within the CCAMLR scientific community to help generate and sustain the scientific expertise needed to support the work of CCAMLR in the long-term. The deadline for CCAMLR scientific scholarship applications is 1 October 2020.

All opportunities are being jointly promoted by the organisations involved.

Ends –

Background information:
For more information, visit:

✓ The SCAR website at: www.scar.org/awards/fellowships/information/
✓ The COMNAP website at: www.comnap.aq/SitePages/fellowships.aspx
✓ The IAATO website at: www.iaato.org
ship scheduling and vessel communication procedures, emergency medical evacuation procedures, emergency contingency plans, reporting procedures, marine wildlife watching guidelines, station visitation policies and much more. IAATO has a global network of over 100 members.

The Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research (SCAR)
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The Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research (SCAR) is an inter-disciplinary body of the International Science Council (ISC). SCAR is charged with initiating, developing and coordinating high quality international scientific research in and from the Antarctic region, and on the role of the Antarctic region in the Earth system. SCAR Science Groups represent the scientific disciplines active in Antarctic research. They conduct the scientific business of SCAR and provide regular reports. In addition to carrying out its primary scientific role, SCAR also provides objective and independent scientific advice to the Antarctic Treaty Consultative Meetings and other policy-oriented organizations, on issues of science and conservation affecting the management of Antarctica and the Southern Ocean.

The Council of Managers of National Antarctic Programs (COMNAP)
www.comnap.aq
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COMNAP brings together the National Antarctic Programmes of 30 Antarctic Treaty countries. Formed in 1988, the purpose of COMNAP is to develop and promote best practice in managing the support of scientific research in Antarctica. It does this by: Serving as a forum to develop practices that improve effectiveness of activities in an environmentally responsible manner; Facilitating and promoting international partnerships; Providing opportunities and systems for information exchange; and Providing the Antarctic Treaty System with objective and practical, technical and non-political advice drawn from the National Antarctic Programmes’ pool of expertise.

The Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR)
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The Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR) was established by international convention in 1982 with the objective of conserving Antarctic marine life. CCAMLR is an international commission with 25 Members, and a further 11 countries have acceded to the Convention. Based on the best available scientific information, the Commission agrees a set of conservation measures that determine the use of marine living resources in the Antarctic. CCAMLR practices an ecosystem-based management approach. This does not exclude harvesting, as long as such harvesting is carried out in a sustainable manner and takes account of the effects of fishing on other components of the ecosystem.